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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/009,924	06/18/2002	Ulrich Hege	30051/37969	1473	
7:	7590 03/08/2004			EXAMINER	
Marshall Gerstein & Borun 6300 Sears Tower 233 South Wacker Drive			HIRL, JOSEPH P		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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Chicago, IL 6	50606-6357		2121	9	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	——— <i> </i> r
		10/009,924	HEGE, ULRICH	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Joseph P. Hirl	2121	
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication reply	ation appears on the cover she	et with the correspondence add	ress
A SH THE - Extrafte - If th - If N - Fail	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATE OF THIS COMMUNICATE OF THIS COMMUNICATE OF THIS COMMUNICATE OF THE COMMUNICATE OF T	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, nication. days, a reply within the statutory minimum ory period will apply and will expire SIX (6 I, by statute, cause the application to beco	nay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.) MONTHS from the mailing date of this corr me ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nmunication.
Status				
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 18 June 2002.		
2a) <u></u>	•)⊠ This action is non-final.		
3)[Since this application is in condition for	r allowance except for formal	matters, prosecution as to the r	nerits is
	closed in accordance with the practice	under Ex parte Quayle, 1935	C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposi	tion of Claims			
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the app	olication.		
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are	withdrawn from consideration	l.	
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected.			
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	on and/or election requiremen	t.	
Applicat	tion Papers			
9)🖂	The specification is objected to by the E	Examiner.		
10)⊠	The drawing(s) filed on 18 June 2002 is	s/are: a) accepted or b)	objected to by the Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection		· -	
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including th	e correction is required if the dra	wing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR	₹ 1.121(d).
11)[The oath or declaration is objected to b			* *
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)🛛	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	r foreian priority under 35 U.S	.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)⊠ None of:	rovergu promy and a coc	.0.30(4) (4) 5. (1).	
•	1. Certified copies of the priority do	cuments have been received		
	2. Certified copies of the priority do			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of			tage
	application from the Internationa	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		J
* ;	See the attached detailed Office action f	or a list of the certified copies	not received.	
Attachmei	• •	_		
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC	4) ∐ Interv 9-948) Pape	riew Summary (PTO-413) r No(s)/Mail Date	
3) 🔀 Infoi	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT er No(s)/Mail Date <u>5</u> .		e of Informal Patent Application (PTO-	152)
		,		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-11 are pending in this application.

2. The claims and only the claims form the metes and bounds of the invention. "Office personnel are to give the claims their broadest reasonable interpretation in light of the supporting disclosure. *In re Morris*, 127 F.3d 1048, 1054-55, 44USPQ2d 1023, 1027-28 (Fed. Cir. 1997). Limitations appearing in the specification but not recited in the claim are not read into the claim. *In re Prater*, 415 F.2d, 1393, 1404-05, 162 USPQ 541, 550-551 (CCPA 1969)" (MPEP p 2100-8, c 2, l 45-48; p 2100-9, c 1, l 1-4). The Examiner has full latitude to interpret each claim in the broadest reasonable sense. Examiner will reference prior art using terminology familiar to one of ordinary skill in the art. Such an approach is broad in concept and can be either explicit or implicit in meaning.

3. Examiner's Opinion:

Para 2 above applies. The disclosure is at best confusing following the German translation to English and the subsequent Pre-amendment A. The submission to the U. S. Patent Office is a PCT developed from a German patent. The applicant is strongly advised to submit an amended substitute specification (without new matter) in response to this office action and in meaningful compliance with the U. S. MPEP (608).

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Drawings

4. The drawings are objected to because of the following:

Figs. 2-9 do not have unit identification for the abscissas and ordinates.

These objections must be corrected.

Specification

5. The specification is objected to because of the following:

Related to Figs. 2-9, page 7, lines 11-19 identify time in minutes for the abscissa. However, there is no reason given for the common axis values representing flow and height in the top diagram. Albeit there is some justification given by choosing arbitrary units, similar problems exist in discussion of the middle and bottom graphs. All related text references should be checked for clarity and consistency.

These objections must be corrected.

Claim Objection

6. Claim 2, line 3: delete "vale" and insert "valve".

This objections must be corrected.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

7. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

8. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. The practical application test requires that a useful, concrete and tangible result be accomplished in the technological arts. The language of the claim raises a question as to whether the claim is directed merely to an abstract idea that is not tied to a technology art, environment or machine which would result in a practical application producing a concrete, useful and tangible result to form the basis of statutory subject matter under 35 USC 101. The consequence is non-statutory.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

9. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

10. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 USC 112, first paragraph because current case law (and accordingly, the MPEP) require such a rejection if a 101 rejection is given because when Applicant has not in fact disclosed the practical application for the invention, as a

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matter of law there is no way Applicant could have disclosed how to practice the undisclosed practical application. This is how the MPEP puts it:

("The how to use prong of section 112 incorporates as a matter of law the requirement of 35U.S.C. 101 that the specification disclose as a matter of fact a practical utility for the invention.... If the application fails as a matter of fact to satisfy 35 U.S.C. 101, then the application also fails as a matter of law to enable one of ordinary skill in the art to use the invention under 35 U.S.C. § 112."); In re Kirk, '376 F.2d 936, 942, 153 USIPQ 48, 53 (CCPA 1967) ("Necessarily, compliance with § 112 requires a description of how to use presently useful inventions, otherwise an applicant would anomalously be required to teach how to use a useless invention."). See, MPEP 21107.01 (IV), quoting In re Kirk (emphasis added).

Therefore, claim 1 is rejected on this basis.

11. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. The implementation of a fuzzy controller is not established in the disclosure.

- 12. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 13. Claims 2-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 2

The use of relative terms such as "further", "vice-versa", "desired", "adjusting", "less" and "substantial" reduce the claim to a level of indefiniteness.

Claim 3

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The use of relative terms such as "fast", "decrease", and "lowering" reduce the claims to a level of indefiniteness.

Claim 4

The use of relative terms such as "increasing", "desired", "reducing" and "approaches" reduce the claims to a level of indefiniteness.

Claim 5

The use of relative terms such as "lowering", and "desired reduce the claims to a level of indefiniteness.

Claim 6

The use of relative terms such as "reducing", and "easy-running" reduce the claims to a level of indefiniteness.

Claim 7

The use of a relative terms such as "deep reduces the claims to a level of indefiniteness.

Claim 8

The use of relative terms such as "below a certain", and "low" reduce the claims to a level of indefiniteness.

Claim 9

The use of relative terms such as "reducing", and "poorly" reduce the claims to a level of indefiniteness.

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Claim 10

The use of relative terms such as "poorer", and "the later the tub" reduce the

claims to a level of indefiniteness.

Claim 11

The use of a relative term such as "lowering" reduces the claims to a level of

indefiniteness.

14. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite

for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant

regards as the invention. The phrase "the later the trub is added during a second wort"

does not convey definitive meaning.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

15. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that

form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United

States.

16. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Qin et

al (U. S. Patent 6,330,484, referred to as Qin).

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Claim 1

Qin anticipates a device for controlling the flow of wort from a lauter tun, comprising a fuzzy controller (**Qin**, c 3, I 5-19; Examiner's Note (EN): para 2 above applies; a lauter tun from which wort flows is an industrial process wherein the use of a fuzzy controller can functionally be represented by Qin's Fig. 2.).

16. Claims 2-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Stripper et al (U. S. Patent 4,990346, referred to as **Stripper**).

Claim 2

Stripper anticipates controlling a control valve (16) and a height of a raking machine (5) in dependence upon a difference between a desired wort flow and an actual wort flow (**Stripper**, c 6, I 60-64); opening further the control valve (16) and lowering further the raking machine (5) if the desired wort flow is less than the actual wort flow and vice-versa (**Stripper**, c 6, I 60-64; EN: this is an automatic process); reducing the desired wort flow if a further increase in the actual wort flow is not to be caused by further opening of the control valve (16) or lowering of the raking machine (5) (**Stripper**, c 4, I 62-67; c 5, I 1-2; EN: this is an automatic process); and additionally adjusting the desired wort flow and the height of the raking machine (5) in dependence upon the turbidity of the outflowing wort so that an increase in turbidity will result in a less substantial lowering of the raking machine and a lower desired wort flow (**Stripper**, c 4, I 62-67; c 5, I 1-2; EN: this is an automatic process).

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Claim 3

Stripper anticipates and taking into account both the change with time of the position of the control valve (16) as an input variable, and that fast opening of the control valve (16) leads to a decrease in the desired wort flow and to a lowering of the raking machine (**Stripper**, c 5, I 19-39; EN: this is an automatic process; if the gradient related to flow changes substantially over a short period of time, an appropriate cut will

be automatically initiated).

Claim 4

Stripper anticipates increasing the inflow of sparge water above the actual wort flow, if the actual wort flow remains below the desired wort flow during a second wort, and reducing the inflow of sparge water as soon as the actual wort flow approaches the desired wort flow (**Stripper**, c 5, I 19-39; EN: para 2 applies; the run-off wort is in essence the second wort).

Claim 5

Stripper anticipates lowering a level in a lauter vessel (19), if the actual wort flow remains below the desired wort flow (**Stripper**, c 5, I 19-39; c 6, I 60-64; EN: para 2 applies; the run-off wort is in essence the second wort).

Claim 6

Stripper anticipates reducing the sparge water quantity in the case of easy-running brews (**Stripper**, c 6, I 27-43).

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Claim 7

Stripper anticipates taking into account, for triggering a deep cut, the position of the control valve (16), the actual wont flow (15), the height of the raking machine (5) and the turbidity (**Stripper**, c 5; I 27-43; c 6, I 60-64).

Claim 8

Stripper anticipates, if the raking machine (5) has not been moved below a certain level during the first wort, moving the raking machine (5) at least once to a low position during a second wart (**Stripper**, c 5; I 27-43; c 6, I 27-64; EN: para 2 applies; the run-off wort is in essence the second wort).

Claim 9

Stripper anticipates reducing the lautered amount of first wort, if a brew runs poorly during lautering of the first wort (**Stripper**, c 6, I 27-64).

Claim 10

Stripper anticipates the poorer the second wort runs, the later the trub is added during a second wort (**Stripper**, c 6, I 27-64).

Claim 11

Stripper anticipates lowering a level in the lauter vessel occurs at the end of lautering a first wort (**Stripper**, c 6, I 27-64; EN: this is an automatic process).

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Conclusion

- 17. The prior art of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - Moll et al, U. S. Patent 3,989,848
 - Hamdy, U. S. Patent 4,929,452
 - Billon, U.S. Patent 4,661,449
 - Schwartz, U.S. Patent 4,455,374
 - Keim, U.S. Patent 4,361,651
 - Shimamura et al, U.S. 6,265,000
 - Porteous et al, U.S. Patent 6,399,029
 - Pawlowski, U.S. Patent 5,845,320
 - Jaeger et al, DE 19739734A1
 - Kuhnen et al, DE 3540319A1
 - Kuhnen et al, DE 3910149A1
 - Johns, WO97/44436
 - Blessing, DE 19824433A1
 - Raines, U.S. Patent 4,505,941
 - Hancock, U.S. Patent 4,542,682
 - Lampinen, U. S. Patent 4,837,156
 - Stippler et al, U.S. Patent 5,778,762
 - Stippler et al, U.S. Patent 5,794,518
 - Stippler et al, EP 0750036A2

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- Stippler et al, WO 00/00583
- Stippler et al, U. S. Pub 2002/0048620
- 18. Claims 1-11 are rejected.

Correspondence Information

19. Any inquiry concerning this information or related to the subject disclosure should be directed to the Examiner, Joseph P. Hirl, whose telephone number is (703) 305-1668. The Examiner can be reached on Monday – Thursday from 6:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Anil Khatri can be reached at (703) 305-0282.

Any response to this office action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks,

Washington, D. C. 20231;

or faxed to:

(703) 746-7239 (for formal communications intended for entry); or faxed to:

(703) 746-7290 (for informal or draft communications with notation of "Proposed" or "Draft" for the desk of the Examiner).

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to:

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Receptionist, Crystal Park II

2121 Crystal Drive,

Arlington, Virginia.

Joseph P. Hirl

March 4, 2004